Research area of Creation of Innovative Coating Technologies

Thursday, November 24, 2020

University of Tokyo Nippon Paint Holdings Co., Ltd.





Industry-Academia Co-creation Agreement between the University of Tokyo and Nippon Paint Holdings



Starting with the two presidents' shared mutual trust

Agreement signed on May 18, 2020





Nippon Paint-University of Tokyo Laboratory and Social Cooperation Course







Professors Appointed for the Social Cooperation Course

Social Cooperation Course "Creation of Innovative Coating Technologies"

Contribute to Smart / Remote Society Environmental Burden
/ Social Cost Control

Infectious Disease Risk Reduction



KAWAHARA Yoshihiro Project Professor



SHIOMI Junichiro Project Professor



ICHIKI Takanori Project Professor



SAKAI Keiji Project Professor



TSUMOTO Kohei Project Professor



YAMAGUCHI Kazuya Project Professor



TATSUMA Tetsu Project Professor



WAKIHARA Toru Project Professor (Academic representative)







Creation of Innovative Coating Technologies







Coating Technologies for a Smart / Remote Society



Designing with an unlimited palette of colors

Ensuring urban comfort and safety







Coating Technologies for a Smart / Remote Society





Specialization : Ubiquitous computing, wireless power transmission



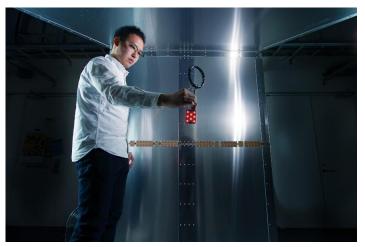


Research projects at the University of Tokyo (Prof. Kawahara)



Liquid Pouch Motor https://www.akg.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/archives/1281

Liquid pouch motors generate driving power when the liquid in the small pouch is heated and evaporates, thus inflating the structure. With thin and flexible heaters and sensors printed with conductive ink, the laboratory has developed motors fully made up of flexible components. For their soft and thin properties, liquid pouch motors can be applied as soft robot actuators.



Multimode Quasistatic Cavity Resonators for 3D Wireless Power Transfer

https://www.akg.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/archives/2334

The laboratory developed a wireless power transmission system using multimode quasistatic cavity resonators (multimode QSCRs) and demonstrated the system's full-range performance in a 3 m x 3 m room. The installation of power transmitters in the walls and floor generates an AC magnetic field with a 3D distribution, eliminating the need to install a conductive pole or any other structure in the middle of the room as in the conventional method. The system can transmit power in the order of dozens of watts over a broad range.





Coating Technologies for Environmental Burden / Social Cost Control



Lively and healthy urban centers

Comfortable and pleasant environment







Coating Technologies for Environmental Burden / Social Cost Control

Prof. SHIOMI Junichiro

Specialization: Molecular thermal engineering

Prof. ICHIKI Takanori

Specialization: Nanotechnology, materials engineering



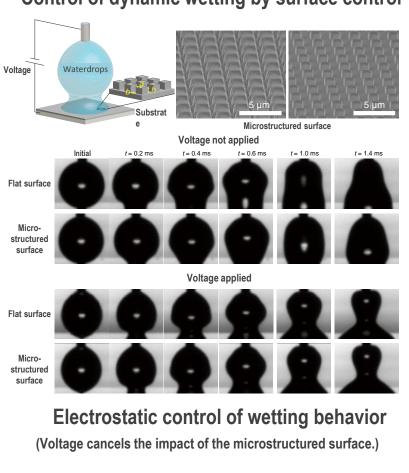
Prof. SAKAI Keiji

Specialization: Nanorheology





Research projects at the University of Tokyo (Prof. Shiomi)

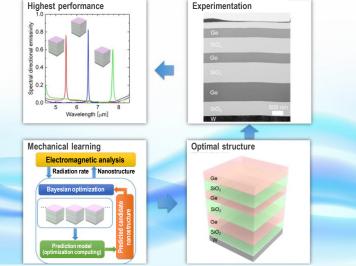


Control of dynamic wetting by surface control

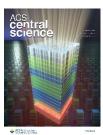
Science Advances 3, e1602202 (2017)

Control of thermal radiation with optimal metamaterials (materials informatics)

Development of high-performance thermal radiative metamaterials by machine learning



Fusion of machine learning using Bayesian optimization and electromagnetic analysis



ACS Central Science 5, 319 (2019)





Coating Technologies for Infectious Disease Risk Reduction







Coating Technologies for Infectious Disease Risk Reduction



Prof. TSUMOTO Kohei

Specialization: Chemical bioengineering



Prof. TATSUMA Tetsu

Specialization: High-performance electrical chemical devices



Prof. YAMAGUCHI Kazuya

Specialization: Catalytic chemistry



Prof. WAKIHARA Toru

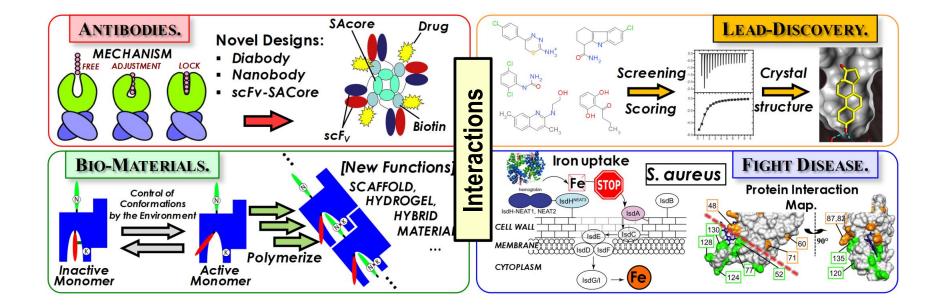
Specialization: Chemical engineering, ceramic processing





Research projects at the University of Tokyo (Prof. Tsumoto)

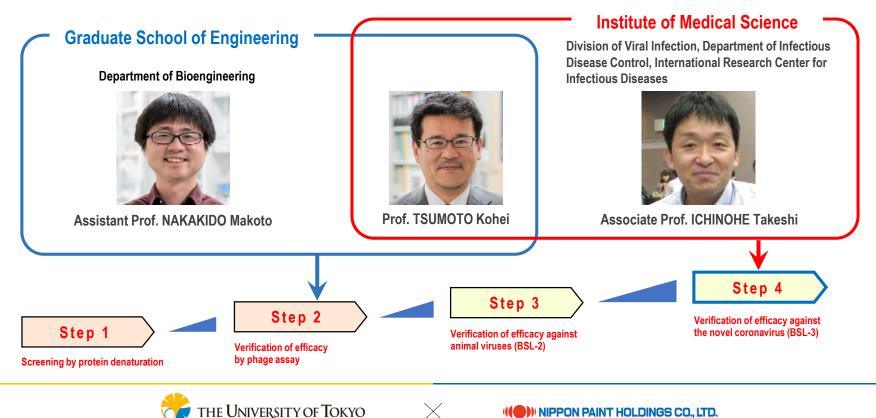
Life phenomena are composed of highly organized specific intermolecular interactions. In this laboratory, we analyze the essential nature of these specific interactions, using various methods. We also screen and design compounds that are artificially manipulable and explore engineering approaches to the development of biopharmaceuticals for the age of <u>"bio-better"</u> drugs. Moreover, we elucidate the <u>molecular machinery of disease-related proteins</u> from multiple angles so as to build a foundation for drug discovery.





Innovative Coating Technologies Demonstration of efficacy against the novel coronavirus

The School of Engineering and the Institute of Medical Science of the University of Tokyo have decided to jointly pursue a project to demonstrate the efficacy of visible-light-responsive photocatalysis and other innovative coating technologies against the novel coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) in realistic situations within the framework of R&D for infectious disease risk reduction as part of the Social Cooperation Course "Creation of Innovative Coating Technologies." This project aims at serving society by enhancing people's safety and security in actual situations in the near future.



Building a Sustainable Society and a Better Future







Appendix: Research Projects by the Professors



Prof. TATSUMA Tetsu

Specialization: High-performance electrical chemical devices



Prof. YAMAGUCHI Kazuya

Specialization: Catalytic chemistry



Prof. WAKIHARA Toru

Specialization: Chemical engineering, ceramic processing





Specialization: Bio devices





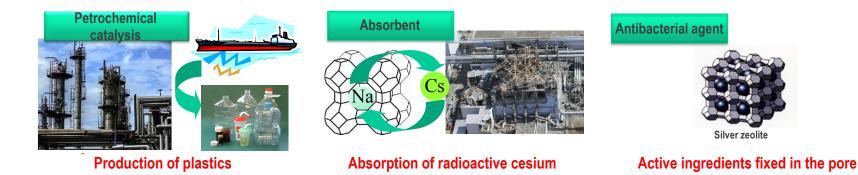
Specialization: Nanorheology engineering





Research Projects at the University of Tokyo (Prof. Wakihara)

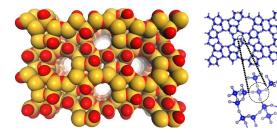
- Development of new methods to prepare high-performance zeolite materials
- Practical application of nanoporous materials, key materials for a sustainable society



X

Extremely stable zeolite (JACS, ACS Catal.)

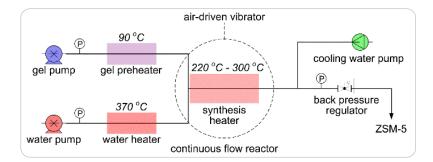
- Highest durability that overturns common sense (no degradation under steaming at/above 1000°C)
- Expected application as a catalyst or absorbent to be used under severe conditions







- An important switch from the conventional batch system
- Energy-saving high-efficiency synthesis

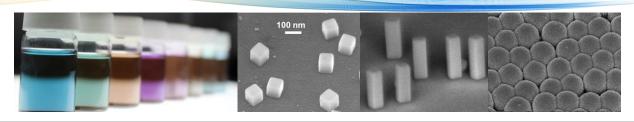


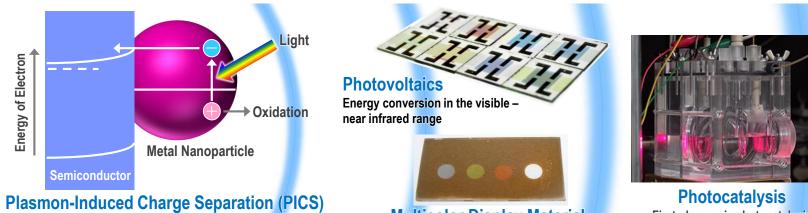


Research Projects at the University of Tokyo (Prof. Tatsuma)

Metal Nanoparticles

Effective light absorption on the basis of plasmon resonance





First to report PICS and elucidate its mechanism Now widespread as plasmonic hot electron injection, a dynamic research area encompassing chemistry and physics Multicolor Display Material First material that colors differently according to the wavelength of irradiated light



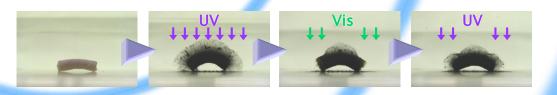
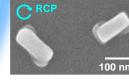


Photo-morphing Hydrogel First hydrogel that swells and shrinks in response to light



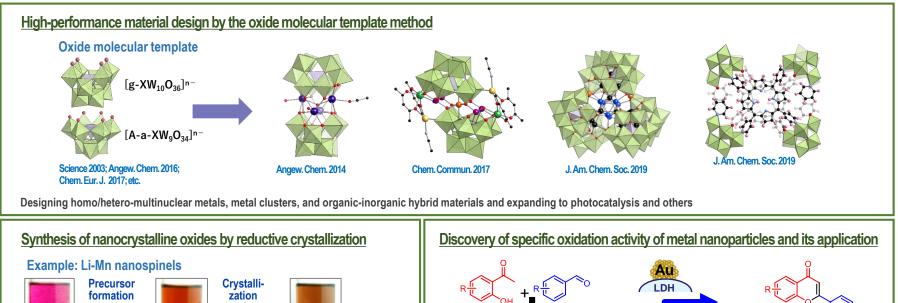


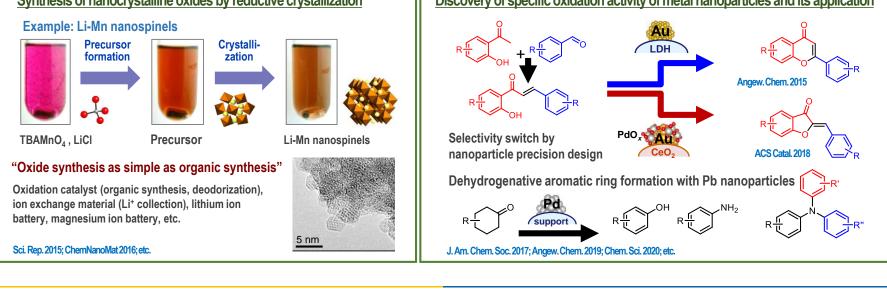
Photoinduced Nanofabrication Fabrication beyond the diffraction limit





Research Projects at the University of Tokyo (Prof. Yamaguchi)









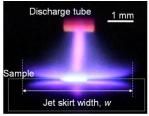
Research Projects at the University of Tokyo (Prof. Ichiki)

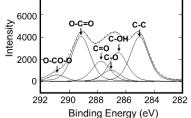
Promoting Next-Generation Paint Material Development by Integrating Materials Engineering Knowledge

Materials and nanotechnology

Elucidation of the mechanisms of next-generation paints based on advanced surface treatment/analysis technology and nanoparticles/colloid science (Ichiki Laboratory)

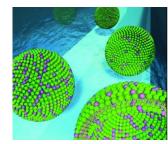
Applied surface science





Nanoparticle/colloid science





ergy (eV)

Convolutional Neural Network*

Bayesian inference data-driven approach?

EtOH dissociation

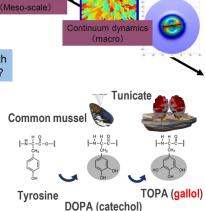
CNT growth*2

Classical MI (atomistic)

on Fe cluster *1

Polymer engineering

Novel underwater adhesives founded on biomimetics (Ejima Laboratory)







Computational materials science/Materials informatics

Acceleration of the development of novel painting materials using large-scale molecular

What is desired

Grain growth*4

hase-field method

for materials modelling?

New materials design

from computational simulations

Microstructure formation

*¹CPL 731 (2019) 136619 *²CPL 382 (2003) 381 *³MSMSE 27 (2019) 054002

*4CMS, 152 (2018) 118,

*5CMS, 184 (2020) 109880.

Heat and mass

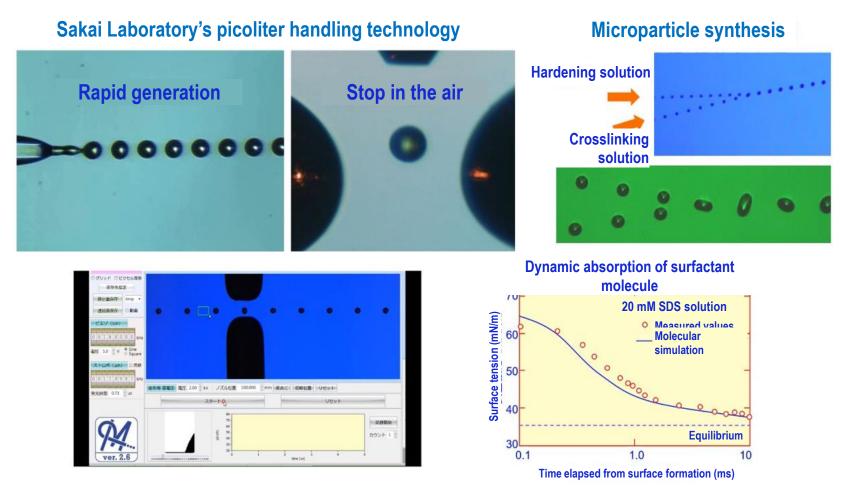
transformation

dynamics simulations and data-driven methods (Shibuta Laboratory)

(10B atoms)"3

Nucleation and solidification

Research Projects at the University of Tokyo (Prof. Sakai)



Rapid measurement of surface tension change based on droplet vibration in the air



